

1 WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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2 1. ~~A cathodoluminescent element comprising:~~
3 at least one emitter;
4 a transistor having a first terminal coupled said at least one emitter, a second terminal
5 coupled to a ground potential, and a gate terminal, said first transistor being
6 responsive to a first voltage applied to said gate terminal to selectively establish
7 a first conductive path for a first current between said at least one emitter and
8 said ground potential;
9 a programmable element having a first terminal coupled to a first select line to receive a
10 first select signal, a second terminal coupled to said gate terminal of said
11 transistor, and a gate terminal coupled to a second select line, said
12 programmable element being responsive to assertion of a second select signal
13 on said second select line to selectively establish a second conductive path for a
14 second current between said first select line and said gate terminal of said
15 transistor, thereby applying said first voltage to said gate terminal of said
16 transistor;
17 wherein said programmable element comprises a charge storage element for storing a
18 level of electrical charge;
19 and wherein the conductivity of said second conductive path varies in relation to said
20 level of electrical charge such that the magnitude of said first voltage relative to the magnitude
21 of said second select signal varies in relation to said level of electrical charge.

22 2. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 1, wherein said programmable
23 element is a floating gate transistor.

24 3. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 1, further comprising an
25 infrared-sensitive element disposed along said first current path, the conductivity of said
26 infrared-sensitive element varying in relation to levels of exposure to infrared radiation such that
27 the magnitude of said first current varies in relation to levels of exposure to infrared radiation.

28 4. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 3, wherein said infrared
29 sensitive element comprises platinum silicide.

30 5. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 1, further comprising a

1 conductive element proximal to said at least one emitter, said conductive element adapted to
2 draw electrons from said at least one emitter when said transistor establishes said first
3 conductive path.

4 6. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 5, further comprising an anode
5 spaced apart from said conductive element, said anode adapted to attract said electrons drawn
6 from said at least one emitter by said conductive element.

7 7. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 6, further comprising a
8 phosphor layer applied to said anode, said phosphor layer being responsive to electrons
9 attracted by said anode to emit light.

10 8. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 1, wherein said at least one
11 emitter is disposed on a silicon substrate.

12 9. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 7, wherein the intensity of said
13 light emitted from said phosphor layer varies in proportion to levels of infrared radiation to which
14 said infrared sensitive element is exposed.

15 ~~10. A field emission display, comprising an array of cathodoluminescent elements each~~
16 ~~comprising:~~

17 ~~at least one emitter;~~

18 ~~a transistor having a first terminal coupled said at least one emitter, a second terminal~~
19 ~~coupled to a ground potential, and a gate terminal, said first transistor being~~
20 ~~responsive to a first voltage applied to said gate terminal to selectively establish~~
21 ~~a first conductive path for a first current between said at least one emitter and~~
22 ~~said ground potential;~~

23 ~~a programmable element having a first terminal coupled to a first select line to receive a~~
24 ~~first select signal, a second terminal coupled to said gate terminal of said~~
25 ~~transistor, and a gate terminal coupled to a second select line, said~~
26 ~~programmable element being responsive to assertion of a second select signal~~
27 ~~on said second select line to selectively establish a second conductive path for a~~
28 ~~second current between said first select line and said gate terminal of said~~
29 ~~transistor, thereby applying said first voltage to said gate terminal of said~~
30 ~~transistor;~~

1 wherein said programmable element comprises a charge storage element for storing a
2 level of electrical charge;

3 and wherein the conductivity of said second conductive path varies in relation to said
4 level of electrical charge such that the magnitude of said first voltage relative to the magnitude
5 of said second select signal varies in relation to said level of electrical charge.

6 11. A field emission display in accordance with claim 10, wherein each said programmable
7 element is a floating gate transistor.

8 12. A field emission display in accordance with claim 10, further comprising, for each
9 cathodoluminescent element, an infrared-sensitive element disposed along said first current
10 path, the conductivity of said infrared-sensitive element varying in relation to levels of exposure
11 to infrared radiation such that the magnitude of said first current varies in relation to levels of
12 exposure to infrared radiation.

13 13. A field emission display in accordance with claim 10, further comprising, for each
14 cathodoluminescent element, a conductive element proximal to said at least one emitter, said
15 conductive element adapted to draw electrons from said at least one emitter when said
16 transistor establishes said first conductive path.

17 14. A field emission display in accordance with claim 13, further comprising an anode
18 spaced apart from said array of cathodoluminescent elements, said anode adapted to attract
19 said electrons drawn from each of said at least one emitter by respective ones of said
20 conductive elements.

21 15. A field emission display in accordance with claim 14, further comprising a phosphor
22 layer applied to said anode, said phosphor layer being responsive to electrons attracted by said
23 anode to emit light.

24 16. A field emission display in accordance with claim 15, further comprising, for each
25 cathodoluminescent element, an infrared-sensitive element disposed along said first current
26 path, the conductivity of said infrared-sensitive element varying in relation to levels of exposure
27 to infrared radiation to which it is exposed, such that the magnitude of said first current varies in
28 relation to levels of exposure to infrared radiation to which said infrared-sensitive element is
29 exposed, and such that the intensity of said light emitted by said phosphor layer varies in

1 relation to levels of infrared radiation to which said infrared-sensitive element is exposed.

2 17. A field emission display in accordance with claim 10, wherein each of said at least one
3 emitter is disposed on a silicon substrate.

4 18. ~~A method of operating a cathodoluminescent element comprising an emitter selectively~~
5 coupled to ground in response to application of a predetermined voltage to the gate of a
6 transistor, said method comprising:

7 (a) conditioning a programmable element associated with said cathodoluminescent
8 element to level compensate a first select signal to said first voltage level in
9 response to application of a second select signal to a gate terminal of said
10 programmable element;

11 (b) ~~applying said level-compensated first select signal to said gate of said transistor.~~

12 19. A method in accordance with claim 18, wherein said programmable element is a
13 floating-gate transistor.

14 20. A method in accordance with claim 19, wherein said step (a) of conditioning comprises
15 storing an electrical charge on the floating gate of said floating gate transistor.

16 21. A method in accordance with claim 20, further comprising:

17 (c) prior to said step (a) of conditioning said programmable element, applying said
18 first select signal to said gate of said transistor without level compensation to
19 cause electrons to be emitted from said emitter; and

20 (d) determining a desired magnitude of said stored electrical charge based upon the
21 intensity of electron emission from said emitter while said first select signal is
22 applied to said gate of said transistor.

23 22. ~~A method of operating a field emission display comprising an array of~~
24 cathodoluminescent devices each comprising an emitter selectively coupled to ground in
25 response to application of a predetermined voltage to the gate of a transistor, said method
26 comprising:

27 (a) for each cathodoluminescent element in said array, conditioning an associated
28 programmable element to level compensate a first select signal to said first
29 voltage level in response to application of a second select signal to a gate

terminal of said programmable element;

- (b) applying said level-compensated first select signal to said gate of said transistor in response to application of said second select signal to said gate terminal of said programmable element.

23. A method in accordance with claim 22, wherein said each programmable element is a floating-gate transistor.

24. A method in accordance with claim 23, wherein said step (a) of conditioning comprises storing an electrical charge on the floating gate of said floating gate transistor.

25. A method in accordance with claim 24, further comprising:

- (c) for each cathodoluminescent element in said array, prior to said step (a) of conditioning said programmable element, applying said first select signal to said gate of said transistor without level compensation to cause electrons to be emitted from said emitter; and
- (d) for each cathodoluminescent element in said array, determining a desired magnitude of said stored electrical charge based upon the intensity of electron emission from said emitter while said first select signal is applied to said gate of said transistor.

26. A cathodoluminescent element, comprising:

at least one emitter;

a transistor coupled between said at least one emitter and a ground potential;

a programmable element having a first terminal coupled to said gate of said transistor, a second terminal adapted to receive a select signal having a predetermined voltage level, and a third terminal adapted to receive a control signal,

wherein said programmable element is responsive to activation of said control signal to adjust said predetermined voltage level of said select signal by a preprogrammed amount and apply said adjusted select signal to a gate of said transistor;

and wherein said transistor is responsive to application of said adjusted select signal to said gate to couple said at least one emitter to said ground potential.

27. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 26, wherein said programmable element comprises a charge storage device for storing a level of electrical charge thereon.

1 28. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 27, wherein said
2 preprogrammed amount is determined by said level of electrical charge.

3 29. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 28, wherein said charge
4 storage device comprises a floating gate of a floating gate transistor.

5 30. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 26, further comprising a
6 conductive element proximal to said at least one emitter, said conductive element adapted to
7 draw electrons from said at least one emitter when said transistor couples said at least one
8 emitter to ground.

9 31. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 30, further comprising an
10 anode spaced apart from said conductive element, said anode adapted to attract said electrons
11 drawn from said at least one emitter.

12 32. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 31, further comprising a
13 phosphor layer applied to said anode, said phosphor layer being responsive to electrons
14 attracted by said anode to emit light.

15 33. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 26, further comprising an
16 infrared-sensitive element disposed between said transistor and said ground potential.

17 34. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 32, further comprising an
18 infrared-sensitive element disposed between said transistor and said ground potential.

19 35. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 34, wherein the intensity of said
20 light emitted by said anode varies in relation to levels of infrared radiation to which said infrared-
21 sensitive element is exposed.

22 36. A cathodoluminescent element in accordance with claim 35, wherein said infrared-
23 sensitive element is platinum silicide.

24 37. A field emission display, comprising an array of cathodoluminescent elements each
25 comprising:

26 at least one emitter;

27 a transistor coupled between said at least one emitter and a ground potential;

1 a programmable element having a first terminal coupled to said gate of said transistor, a
2 second terminal adapted to receive a select signal having a predetermined
3 voltage level, and a third terminal adapted to receive a control signal,
4 wherein said programmable element is responsive to activation of said control signal to
5 adjust said predetermined voltage level of said select signal by a preprogrammed amount and
6 apply said adjusted select signal to a gate of said transistor;
7 and wherein said transistor is responsive to application of said adjusted select signal to
8 said gate to couple said at least one emitter to said ground potential.

9 38. A field emission display in accordance with claim 37, wherein said each programmable
10 element comprises a charge storage device for storing a level of electrical charge thereon.

11 39. A field emission display in accordance with claim 38, wherein said each preprogrammed
12 amount is determined by said level of electrical charge.

13 40. A field emission display in accordance with claim 39, wherein said charge storage
14 devices comprise floating gates of respective floating gate transistors.

15 41. A field emission display in accordance with claim 37, further comprising, for each
16 cathodoluminescent element, a conductive element proximal to said at least one emitter, said
17 conductive element adapted to draw electrons from said at least one emitter when said
18 transistor couples said at least one emitter to ground.

19 42. A field emission display in accordance with claim 41, further comprising, for each
20 cathodoluminescent element, an anode spaced apart from said conductive element, said anode
21 adapted to attract said electrons drawn from said at least one emitter.

22 43. A field emission display in accordance with claim 42, further comprising a phosphor
23 layer applied to said anode, said phosphor layer being responsive to electrons attracted by said
24 anode to emit light.

25 44. A field emission display in accordance with claim 37, further comprising, for each
26 cathodoluminescent element, an infrared-sensitive element disposed between said transistor
27 and said ground potential.

28 45. A field emission display in accordance with claim 43, further comprising, for each

1 cathodoluminescent element, an infrared-sensitive element disposed between said transistor
2 and said ground potential.

3 46. A field emission display in accordance with claim 45, wherein, for each
4 cathodoluminescent element, the intensity of said light emitted by said anode varies in relation
5 to levels of infrared radiation to which said infrared-sensitive element is exposed.

6 47. A field emission display in accordance with claim 46, wherein said infrared-sensitive
7 element is platinum silicide.

8 48. A field emission display in accordance with claim 46, wherein said array of
9 cathodoluminescent elements is adapted to present an image corresponding to infrared
10 radiation levels to which said display is exposed.

11 49. A field emission display, comprising:

12 an array of cathodoluminescent elements each being responsive to a separate select
13 signal to emit electrons toward an anode having a phosphor layer applied
14 thereon, such that light is selectively emitted from said phosphor layer; and
15 for each cathodoluminescent element in said array, a programmable element for
16 determining a level of voltage adjustment to said separate select signal, such
17 that said programmable element determines the intensity of light emitted from
18 said phosphor layer.

19 50. A field emission display in accordance with claim 49, wherein for each
20 cathodoluminescent element, said programmable element comprises a charge storage device
21 for storing a level of electrical charge thereon.

22 51. A field emission display in accordance with claim 50, wherein for each
23 cathodoluminescent element, said charge storage device comprises a floating gate of a floating
24 gate transistor.

25 52. A field emission display in accordance with claim 51, further comprising, for each
26 cathodoluminescent element, an infrared-sensitive element for modulating said intensity of light
27 emitted by said phosphor layer in proportion to levels of infrared radiation to which said each
28 cathodoluminescent element is exposed.

1 53. A method of operating a field emission display comprising an array of
2 cathodoluminescent elements each having a programmable element associated therewith and
3 each responsive to a separate select signal having a predetermined voltage level to cause light
4 to be emitted from said display at a respective location in said array corresponding to said each
5 cathodoluminescent element, comprising:

6 (a) separately for each cathodoluminescent element in said array, pre-programming
7 said programmable element to specify the intensity of light emitted by said
8 display at said respective location in said array corresponding to said each
9 cathodoluminescent element in response to application of said separate select
10 signal corresponding to said each cathodoluminescent element.

11 54. A method in accordance with claim 53, wherein for each said cathodoluminescent
12 element in said array, said step of pre-programming comprises storing a desired level of electric
13 charge on a charge storage device.

14 55. A method in accordance with claim 54, wherein said step of storing a desired level of
15 electric charge comprises storing said desired level of electric charge on a floating gate of a
16 floating gate transistor.